Morning Oregonian.

PORTLAND, OREGON: FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 25, 1884

NO. 7477

DOMESTIC DISPATCHES.

A Colorado Settlement Probably Murdered by Indians.

NEW YORK PRINTERS BOYCOTT THE TRIBUNE.

Endicott's Reply to the Oregon and Transcontinental Shareholders—Large Fancy Earned at Cincinnati—Notes

Theat Export.

NEW YORK, April 24.—[Special.]—The Journal of Commerce says the position of the export trade in wheat has been for some time a difficult problem to answer. A reporter had a short interview with Darling Bingham, who said England had much larger stocks of wheat than usual at this season of the year. Supplies now coming to them are not sufficient to meet their wants. India and Australia are offering wheat for delivery very freely during the next summer at about current prices. The bulk of the stock in England and of offerings mentioned is composed of white wheat. The depression in the South English people prefer to distinct flour. English millers will be waiting to buy fair quality of our spring wheat to grind with their interior wheat. If there is any considerable export there in prices it will check the demand, but it prices remain at or near the present figures they will be able probably to use the bulk of our surplus wheat. Any great inducement to sell, however, would force their prices down. The red winter wheat of this country will all be needed by the millers of the South English to mix with granary to New York and Toledo is not at Per the English market, and will probably be sent to the continent. This grade has been ground from to for use either in home or English markets. There appears to be no object in 20,000,000 bushels of wheat or visible supply. Such an one be stored for export, and if the shipment be reported it will leave us with but a small stock to begin the new crops. The Gulf foreign crop was placed at high figures, and a large amount of it was consigned to English markets for sale; but it was found that No. 1 wheat of this year was not equal to the choice lots of last year, and in consequence ranges were forced upon the market. The usual result followed—a break in prices and but little demand. A good deal of spring wheat has come out of the West in the shape of flour. This is owing to the fact that English millers have been changing their shoes for rollers and have not been able to their corn to grind their wheat, and had to call for it to be ground. Proportion of wheat going in the form of flour.

Indian Fight in Lower Colorado.

DENVER, April 24.—A. Johnson, who was present at the recent ball game between the Navajoes and the whites at Mitchell's place, on the lower San Juan river, southern Colorado, arrived at Durango to-day. Johnson says Colonel Mitchell, who is also present, arrived at Mitchell's store on the evening of the 15th. A party of a dozen Navajo Indians came in the store and began to quarrel. Edward Marshall. While the quarrel was in progress a Navajo named Roy Lilly commenced removing the buckskin from his rifle. Marshall, seeing this, struck him on the head, standing against the store. Both Indians and whites began firing. After about twenty-five shots had been exchanged Lilly was killed outright, and three of the whites were hurt. The whites then proceeded to throw up fortifications, while the women showed great nerve in assisting in the defense. The fight was kept up all night. Johnson then started for Fort Lewis. The commanding officer immediately started with a company of mounted cavalry. The correspondent of Mitchells. When they reached Bowen ferry a Navajos who came in reported that Lilly's tribe had been joined by the whites' place. So far no other word has been received, and Johnson fears that all the white have been massacred. The Indians then, it is said, left the reservation and crossed the drain of the San Juan Indians; that it is common for one tribe to join the other in such a scrape. The Navajoes number about 15,000 men.

Dynamite for Cowans.

NEW YORK, April 24.—[Special.]—Some interesting experiments were made yesterday in Greenville, N. J., to test the practicability of using dynamite from as a weapon of warfare, so that gunsmiths would not explode before leaving he please. The experiments were in every way highly successful. Prof. Chandler, who had charge of the affair at the result. The cannon were twelve pounder. The charge of dynamite was placed in a cylindrical package, encased in a brass projectile.

Cutting Down the Membership.

NEW YORK, April 24.—[Special.]—The committee appointed at the last meeting of the Methodist church to devise some plan for reducing the membership of the church to [illegible] the work of revision, and has left only 420 members on its roll, but there will only 420 members to stand resolutely on the side of the church. A prominent Bannevite said, "It is a bold step."

Promenaded a Fraud.

DENVER, April 16.—Large crowds are hourly leaving the ice Soldier Valley district. Many pronounce it a conscientious fraud, for the boundaries of the mines are so much shaken. The ground is very sanguine has become shaken. The ground is very sanguine has become shaken. The ground is very sanguine has become

The Daily Oregonian.

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A PLAIN REASON WHY.

In the hope of making an esteemed democratic contemporary at Pendleton understand why republicans who want tariff reduction do not sought to act with the democratic party, we remark that they are not anxious to be fooled, misled, bumbugged or deceived. The democratic party has not reduced the tariff, and is not going to reduce it. It has a great majority in the house of representatives, but it couldn't even call up the tariff bill for debate without the help of republican members. It cannot combine its forces for reduction of the tariff. The protectionists of the party checkmate it at every step, and the party has neither strength to act without them, power to whip them in, nor courage to bounce them out. If it wants aid from low tariff republicans the first necessary step is to cut loose from its own protectionists. But this it will not do. It wants to carry the presidential election, and in the hope of doing this it attempts to cover every phase of the tariff question from ideal free trade to extreme protection. With its majority of nearly one hundred in the house it can't pass through that body a tariff measure which looks even to the moderate reduction proposed in the Morrison bill. For low tariff republicans, to unite themselves with a party like that in the hope of securing tariff reform would be equivalent in wisdom to joining a brass band as a means of religious improvement. No great reform is possible through the democratic party, because its one great object is power and spoils. To the desire of success for the sake of "what there is in it," it subordinates every possible question of policy, administration and government, and its greatest organs, as the New York *World*, entreat it plainly not to make any declaration of principles, nor take any position on the tariff or other questions, lest thereby the party may be divided and lose the offices again. Low tariff republicans would be silly, indeed, to act with such a party in the expectation of securing reduction of the tariff. The Chicago *Tribune* whose position on the tariff question is similar to that of THE OREGONIAN, puts the case rightly when it says: "The republican party has given evidence on more than one occasion, and as late as last winter, of its responsiveness to public sentiment in the matter of taxation. The democratic party, on the contrary, though lavish of promise when out of power, has shown itself this winter, and on every other available occasion of late years, to be divided and cowardly. The low tariff republicans have no reason to apprehend any embarrassment in supporting their party ticket. They are consistent in the matter of revenue reform they urged it upon the republican party with some success, but they have urged it upon the democratic party in vain."

NEW INTER-STATE RAILROAD BILL.

The new bill for the national supervision of railroads, recently introduced in the senate by Cullom of Illinois, is pronounced the most comprehensive and satisfactory that has yet been offered. The *Illinois State Journal* says that Cullom's thorough knowledge of the practical workings of the commission system in that state peculiarly fits him for dealing with this intricate question, and he has availed himself of the experience of Illinois in dealing with it. The bill, as framed, seeks to avoid litigation as much as possible, by vesting large discretionary authority in the national commission proposed to be created, just as the same object is attained in Illinois by making the state railroads responsible to the state commission. It provides substantially as follows: (1) An inter-state commission to consist of five commissioners, at a salary of $7500 each per annum, appointed by the president, confirmed by the senate and removable for incompetence and inattentiveness, and to have a tenure of five years. (2) The commission to have supervision over all matters pertaining to transportation by rail or by water, or both. (3) Extortion and unjust discrimination are prohibited and both terms clearly defined. (4) It is made the duty of the commission to inquire into all complaints of extortion and unjust discrimination; to notify the companies complained of, and to require an answer in writing within a reasonable time. In case the company fails to make satisfactory reparation the commission investigates and renders judgment; if the company remains obdurate the proper United States district attorney is authorized to enter suit; and, on conviction, a fine of $1000 for each offence may be imposed, in addition to full reparation for all damages and expenses of prosecution. (5) It is made a misdemeanor, punishable with a fine of $1000 for each offence, for any company to fail or refuse to make such annual reports, or answer such questions, and produce such books and papers as the commission may call for. (6) The commission or any authorized member or members of it, are empowered to summon witnesses, administer oaths and institute investigations in any part of the country. (7) The commission are required to make annual reports to congress summarizing its work during the year of which it treats. (8) The act applies to all persons, firms, companies and associations, whether corporate or uncorporate, engaged in freight traffic between different states or states and territories, and the breaking of bulk or transfer will not be considered as interrupting the continuity of the consignment.

Mr. Tilden should pray to be delivered from his friends. Some of them seem disposed to tell the truth about his physical condition, and their statement of the truth must be very distasteful to those who for various reasons, wish to secure his nomination for the presidency. One of the most influential of those reasons among the well informed, no doubt, is the belief that Mr. Tilden would, if elected, be merely a figure-head president, even if he survived the term. A gentleman who recently visited him says:

> If I had met Tilden on the avenue and not known who he was, I should have simply taken him by the arm called a carriage and taken him to city headquarters as a weakminded old man who could not be depended on to give his name or residence. The idea of choosing this old wreck as a candidate for the great democratic party disgusted me with myself and all the rest of the pilgrims.

To another visitor the old gentleman spoke in a hoarse whisper and short sentences as follows:

> I'm feeling much better lately; improving fast, the doctor says the heart is all right, lungs sound; mental faculties (tapping his head) active, local organs a little impaired, but temporarily overworked. Reformed New York; nation ought to be reformed same way. Doctor says I need political excitement. Body sound, vocal organs little affected, but mental faculties (tapping his head again) very active.

Senator Van Wyck of Nebraska has written another letter repeating his statement that he cannot under any circumstances consent to be a candidate for delegate to the republican national convention, and adding: "I have always believed that the delegation should be made up of new men fresh from the people, who can better know their preferences, as the question is not what the republicans in the state desire, nor what the prejudices or advantages of official position may suggest. As to your other suggestion, just at this juncture of affairs the less scheming in state and national conventions the better. Any attempt to override the wishes of the people may repeat the lessons of the last few years that the ballot-box has healthy revenges where the mass of the party has been overreached or betrayed."

Notwithstanding the great number of persons going to Europe, it is now said that there are too many Atlantic steamships. The famous Cunard line, most popular of all, this year has been unable to pay a dividend. This is the first failure to declare a dividend since the line was first instituted. Competition has reduced the prices of passage and freights so that they are below the profit point.

NEW YORK AND THE CANDIDATES

We print a letter from a citizen of New York, now here, who takes a very enthusiastic view of republican prospects in the Empire state. It may be proper to say that the writer, Mr. A. N. Cole, was the founder of the project of the republican party, the *Genesee Valley Free Press*, that recalled the first convention of the party, and ran up at masthead the first ticket headed "Republican Nominations." He has taken always an active interest in the political affairs of his state, and has undoubted opportunities of sounding public sentiment in it, particularly in the rural counties, where the chief strength of the republican party lies. It is his belief that Blaine would carry the state by a great majority.

Mr. Cole certainly does not exaggerate Blaine's strength among the republicans of the interior counties of New York. Recent political movements show this clearly enough. We think, however, there remains a question as to his strength in the large cities, and particularly in the metropolis. The state was carried for Garfield by the vast increase in the republican vote over the democratic in New York City and Brooklyn. This increase came chiefly from the so-called independent voters and business classes, who are little moved with political enthusiasm. Is it certain that they would vote for Blaine as they did for Garfield? The utterances of such journals as *Harper's Weekly*, and the *Times* and *Evening Post* seem to raise a doubt about it.

It is believed by Mr. Cole that any one of the candidates hitherto named, General Logan possibly excepted, would carry New York. It is a fact that Logan is not strong in the eastern and middle states; and the principal reason of it is his course on financial questions. Lately matters have taken a turn which appear to strengthen Blaine on this point. The Pennsylvania republican convention, controlled by Blaine's supporters, passed a strong resolution demanding the suspension of the coinage of the silver dollar; while the Illinois convention, which presented Logan for the presidency, did not have the moral courage to speak out on the question. Logan has and will continue to have small following in the eastern and middle states until he expresses himself decidedly on the question of the silver coinage. He voted for the 85-cent dollar, and now would have been his opportunity to show to the business men of the country that he believes the time has come for a suspension of that coinage. But his partisans trimmed to the local breeze, and therefore his support in the national convention will be more local than national. Mr. Blaine has heretofore not been strong in New York city, but the silver declaration in the Pennsylvania platform will aid him with the business element of that great metropolis. The vast commercial interests of New York are so thoroughly opposed to the possibilities of a single silver standard in the United States, that they will naturally favor any candidate who holds out to them the relief from such a possibility. Edmunds is peculiarly right on the currency question, and that given him great strength in New York. Arthur is also right, and that gives him his strength there. The republican state convention of New York has also adopted a resolution demanding that the coinage of the silver dollar shall cease. An Arthur-Edmunds combination appears to have named the delegates at large for that state; yet Blaine had great strength in the convention, and will have perhaps not less than half the district delegates.

I am quite from the state of New York, know something of the political prospects there, and, having been for nearly forty years a journalist, and during the last ten years chairman of the executive committee of the republican reform league, an organization having an hundred members of a state committee, one in each county, with forty at large, a correspondent in every town of the state, with one in nearly every ward of cities and more important towns, I feel prepared to say that the state of no candidate, outside of the list of Logan has been as yet seriously mentioned, who would not carry New York by a very large majority. Republicans and democrats alike in our state are protectionists, as a rule, and the democratic party has not been so weak in that direction as it is at present.

President Arthur seems weak in the rural districts, judging from results in the recent elections, but he should he be nominated would act a final vote in the country, and a stronger one in New York and Brooklyn than perhaps any one else. John Sherman's name is also exceptional.

Mr. Edmunds would also prove a strong candidate in our state, and carry it by a larger majority than his home would not receive the enthusiasm.

Mr. Blaine, I am confident, would be able to command in a vote more than any one whose name has been suggested. He would sweep such counties as St. Lawrence, Jefferson, Cayuga, Onondaga, Allegany, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Genesee, Steuben and other republican nearly clean, scores of democrats having already declared for him in several of the towns of our district. Indeed, Mr. Blaine would be found otherwise a great candidate at the east.

What I have said of 2 New York will equally apply to Pennsylvania and Ohio. Of the delegates elected to Chicago from New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio will be found faithfully and intelligently representing sentiment in their localities, and their action as regards the way those states will go in November may be dismissed at once. If the west will do as well as the east, the republican north will be carried by any candidate who may be selected.

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THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT.

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TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

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Washington Territory.

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In case such Elys Cream Balm opened one nostril for catarrh will heal and in clude in two; subdued an inflammation in our head and throat, the result of Catarrh.—Col. O. M. Norbury, Owego, N. Y.

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BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS for May, at Ware' Hole Store, 85 Yamhill street. 16d

Send for All-Wool Dresses and Delmas Lits, 25 and 45cts. Fine Dressmaking done. ST. CHARLES HOTEL RESTAURANT, G. C. RICE, Manager

G. SHINDLER & CO., FURNITURE, Carpets, Wall Paper, 106 First street.

NEW TO-DAY.

ENGLISH WATCHMAKER (handy) CARTWRIGHT, four years with H. L. Stone, Boston and Rost, Waltham; final quiers have failed to make go correctly, a specialty.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY—H. L. LOVEJOY, practical machinist No. 93, Second. 20s

McCOY, JOB PRINTER, Cheapest and Best Work, 100 First, Portland.

30 DAYS' NOTICE DISCONTINUED. See HARRISON E. GOTTMAN, 7 Stark st. 15s

FOR RENT.

Suite of rooms in Skewwbridge building. Inquire of WHITE & HIGGINS, 39 Stark st.

SOCIAL AND DANCE GIVEN BY MARTHA Washington Circle, No. 1, Daughters of Liberty, corner of Taylor and First streets; the last of the season; music by Hatch's band. Tickets, gents, $1; ladies, 50 cents. 22nd1d

GRAINING—PATENT GRAINING PROCESS for sale by C. F. PEARSON, 74 Oak street. 22nd2

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—A RARE OPPORTUNITY for any one desiring to engage in the retail drug business; location central; stock and fixtures new; cost and clean; will be sold at great bargain. For particulars apply to H. W. NILES, Assignee, No. 167 Third street.

How to be Beautiful—our Recipe.

A NEW YORKER'S VIEWS.

PORTLAND, April 22.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

This morning finds me in your city, and a copy of your paper having fallen into my hands, and my eye having lighted upon the following, I cannot hold back from a comment. In your paper you remark:

> It is probable that a majority of the republicans of Oregon prefer Mr. Blaine for presidential candidate over any other. No doubt he would carry the state. But Oregon will unquestionably cast her vote for any candidate whom the republican national convention may name. But, as the Minneapolis *Tribune* says, "New York Ohio and Indiana must be considered. If Blaine can carry those commonwealths he can carry most of the others as he will likely do. But at the present date no one is authorized to say just how strong Mr. Blaine is in those states which will turn the scale."

I am quite from the state of New York, know something of the political prospects there, and, having been for nearly forty years a journalist, and during the last ten years chairman of the executive committee of the republican reform league, an organization having an hundred members of a state committee, one in each county, with forty at large, a correspondent in every town of the state, with one in nearly every ward of cities and more important towns, I feel prepared to say that the state of no candidate, outside of the list of Logan has been as yet seriously mentioned, who would not carry New York by a very large majority. Republicans and democrats alike in our state are protectionists, as a rule, and the democratic party has not been so weak in that direction as it is at present.

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Send for All-Wool Dresses and Delmas Lits, 25 and 45cts. Fine Dressmaking done. ST. CHARLES HOTEL RESTAURANT, G. C. RICE, Manager

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FOR RENT.

Suite of rooms in Skewwbridge building. Inquire of WHITE & HIGGINS, 39 Stark st.

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DRUG STORE FOR SALE—A RARE OPPORTUNITY for any one desiring to engage in the retail drug business; location central; stock and fixtures new; cost and clean; will be sold at great bargain. For particulars apply to H. W. NILES, Assignee, No. 167 Third street.

How to be Beautiful—our Recipe.

NEW TO-DAY.

STEAM FOR RENT AND ALL OR PART OF Counters for sale; cheap; 202 First, near Tenth.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM; Call at 104 Fourth, corner Ankeny. 22nd2

$400 SALESMEN WANTED IN GOOD PAY business. Address P. O. box 1970, Portland, Or.

TO RENT—A SMALL HOUSE OF 4 ROOMS, $10. Inquire at 226 Mississippi. 20nd

BOARD AND LODGING FOR SATURDAY AND Sunday, 243 First street. 22nd

FOR RENT—LUNCH COUNTER AT TIVOLI Theatre. 22nd2

WANTED—A GOOD JOB JOB HOUSE GENERAL printer in a small facility; 324 Fourth st. 22s2

THE JAMES G. CLAWSON REPUBLICAN AS can be had in Washington Territory, by applying to Call on H. B. DOWNS & CO., 47 Washington street.

NEBBETT LEVATOR FOR SALE—IN FIRST-class order; also, sample HARGRAVE'S AGENCY, Yamhill street, between First and Second. 22nd

$350—GOOD AND NEAT SPRING WAGON, suitable for light wood business. WELCH & CO., 5 Front street.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT board; terms reasonable; private residence; reference exchanged. Steelhammer street, corner Fifth. 22nd2

TO RENT—THE WHOLE OR ONE-HALF OF A well established business house, with or without stock, in nearly every ward of cities and more important towns. I feel prepared to say that the state of no candidate, outside of the list of Logan has been as yet seriously mentioned, who would not carry New York by a very large majority. Republicans and democrats alike in our state are protectionists, as a rule, and the democratic party has not been so weak in that direction as it is at present.

President Arthur seems weak in the rural districts, judging from results in the recent elections, but he should he be nominated would act a final vote in the country, and a stronger one in New York and Brooklyn than perhaps any one else. John Sherman's name is also exceptional.

Mr. Edmunds would also prove a strong candidate in our state, and carry it by a larger majority than his home would not receive the enthusiasm.

Mr. Blaine, I am confident, would be able to command in a vote more than any one whose name has been suggested. He would sweep such counties as St. Lawrence, Jefferson, Cayuga, Onondaga, Allegany, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Genesee, Steuben and other republican nearly clean, scores of democrats having already declared for him in several of the towns of our district. Indeed, Mr. Blaine would be found otherwise a great candidate at the east.

What I have said of 2 New York will equally apply to Pennsylvania and Ohio. Of the delegates elected to Chicago from New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio will be found faithfully and intelligently representing sentiment in their localities, and their action as regards the way those states will go in November may be dismissed at once. If the west will do as well as the east, the republican north will be carried by any candidate who may be selected.

A. N. COLE.

THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT.

PORTLAND, April 24, 1884.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

The rare "common sense" which graces a correspondent to preface his remarks with a confession of ignorance, is the key to unlock the mystery of the success of woman suffrage will get but a corporal's guard in the next canvass. There have been no false prophets before, and it is noteworthy that those whose predictions are the most absurd have felt themselves monopolists of "common sense." Your correspondent will probably find that his prediction is fully as wild as his statement that most a dozen members of the legislature who voted to submit it were for the measure or will support it at the polls." That is one of the extravagant assertions common to most opponents of all measures of justice. Right being against them, they must resort to misrepresentation. Of the twenty-two senators who voted in 1882 to submit the amendment, I know that seventeen are for the measure and will vote for it. Of the fifty-four members who ratified the amendment in 1883, I know that fifty-two are for the measure. Of the fifty-seven members who did likewise, I know that thirty-one are for the measure. I am unacquainted with the rest. So far as I know or have been able to ascertain, not one will vote against the amendment, but it is possible that half a dozen of the 120 may do so. That is a queer way of "taking votes" which supposes the disinclination of the all positive legislators to have located the dark spot to vote their convictions.

G. H. ATKINSON.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

Western Oregon.

The wife of Mr. Sass, a German carpenter living at Cathlamet, left home early Thursday morning of last week, while her husband was yet in bed. She was not seen by any one after. However, on Monday morning a man brought her in from the timber on the head of Cathy, where she had been captured in the woods. Mrs. Sass is subject to fits of insanity.

Washington Territory.

The republicans of Yakima county send R. B. Irvine and I. A. Navarre to the Dayton convention.

Constable Gregory, acting deputy sheriff, went to Wallula Wednesday to levy the executions and fixtures of the Ferry-Stanfield store for the benefit of Ferry goods, which, according to the bills, cost $4000, were knocked down to Messrs Libby & Webber, the new justices, for $1950.

A correspondent of the Goldendale *Gazette*, writing from the Gwale, says: "The farmers are almost through seeding and have all improved well the beautiful spring weather. A large acreage of fall wheat is growing in nicely, and grain and vegetation of all kinds are growing nicely."

Says a Walla Walla exchange: The rains are beginning out on the south side. A farmer named Fowler, who has 300 or 400 acres in wheat, seven miles west of the city, near Dry Creek, says that he would not take forty bushels to the acre for his crop. Several east of town farmers feel greatly encouraged over the outlook.

Last Monday afternoon as a boy known in Fields' mills as "Wm. Michie's bound boy, Carl Anderson," was fooling with a shotgun, the weapon was accidentally discharged and the boy badly wounded. The muzzle of the gun appears to have been held by the boy's own hand and carried away part of his lower jaw and cheek, inflicting an unsightly, painful, but not fatal, wound. A physician was summoned, and the boy's wounds were dressed and made as comfortable as possible.

Mention was made some days ago in a Seattle exchange that a disease had broken out among a band of horses on Cedar river belonging to the Oregon Trans-continental Company, and that Dr. Hope, the well-known veterinary surgeon, had been sent to take charge of these animals. It is now learned that several horses died, and on the arrival of the doctor he shot six more, one of which three fine Shorans. He has been checked, and the animals are now getting some great rate. It is thought no further loss from that cause will be sustained.

Idaho.

Some of the cattle thieves who broke jail at Baker City have been seen around Jordan valley, Baker county, so says the *Idaho Avalanche*.

On Monday last the court house and jail, in Custer county, were burned, with all the records of Silver City, Idaho. The records in the county were also burned. One of the prisoners burned to death was Jack Woodworth, held on a charge of murder; the other was a Chinaman, charged with theft.

The republicans of Idaho met in a territorial convention at Boise City and were not elected D. P. Gilbride and W. N. Shull as delegates to the Chicago convention, and Gregg A. Black and H. Squires alternates. A strong fight was made for Governor Arthur. The delegates are not instructed.

Oregon.

Senator [illegible] The party can afford to take no [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] straight ticket, and some of the Salem senator into the matter flowing without.

Searching for Dead, they find Stones.

Cincinnati Enquirer.

It is sad to think that so many of life's cares, happy faced children who are now searching the woods for immortelle bankhouse are certain to gather loadstocks instead.

Remove boils, pimples and skin eruptions, by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla to purify the Blood.

Mrs. Plaindealer, after looking long and thoughtfully at a whisker cast of Shakespeare, remarked: "Poor man! how just he was! He couldn't have been well when it was taken." "No, indeed," said Mr. Plaindealer, "that accounts for it," and Mrs. P., drawing a sympathetic breath.—*Boston Post.*

In case such Elys Cream Balm opened one nostril for catarrh will heal and in clude in two; subdued an inflammation in our head and throat, the result of Catarrh.—Col. O. M. Norbury, Owego, N. Y.

☞ Advertisement, such as "Wants," "Help Wanted," "To Let," "For Sale," etc., will be inserted for ten cents per line first insertion, five cents per line thereafter. No insertion for less than 25 cents, cash must be paid in the country.

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WANTS.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as clerk in a store; can furnish best of references. Address "C. H.," this office. 22nd2

WOULD LIKE A COMFORTABLE ROOM FOR myself and daughter in neighborhood of Fifteenth or Twenty-fifth, between Washington and Yamhill streets. Address P. O. box 109. 23nd

WANTED TO RENT OR TO BUY A NEAT cottage of four rooms with lot on Fourth, Fifth, Grand, Union and Williams avenue. States lowest price and terms in cash. W., Rock Bay, Or. 22nd

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN AS clerk in a store; can furnish best of references. Address "A. B.," this office. 22nd2

WANTED—OWING TO THE INCREASE OF trade and travel to need, the class of wood to purchase or charter a steamer that will be suitable for the Willamette river trade. She must have a draft of not less than 30 inches and 18 feet beam. Parties may be made to the president, at Oregon City, or to the undersigned. W. C. LATOURETTE.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—SITUATION AS SALESMAN; HAVE sold dry goods several years; can give best of reference; am a married man and have a family; am willing to go anywhere in small towns. Address W. S., care this office. 22nd2

A GOOD MAN IN HAND AND STEADY WORK. Apply to JOHN NELSEN, care this office. 23d2

WANTED—SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPER or salesman in wholesale grocery house; have had 7 years' experience; address "L," care this office. 22nd2

NO FEE IS MADE TO PARTIES WANTING help. MRS. HOLLIS, Intelligence Office, Burnside, 22d

WANTED—A FEMALE HELP. CALL AT Mrs. Hollis' Intelligence Office, Burnside, Burnside 22d

CHRISTENSEN'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY AND Intelligence Office, 51 Second street.

HELP WANTED.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; 25 Eleventh. 22nd2

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 22nd2 T. J. COLLIER

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork. Apply at No. 24 Fourth, between Ankeny and Burnside. 22nd2

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in small family. Apply 40 Ross Park, between Fifth and Sixth. 22nd2

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Apply at 74 third street. 22nd2

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS KEROSENE AND GOSworth dealer. Inquire at 102 Washington street. 22nd2

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL housework for man and wife. Apply at 23 Third and 24 A, N. and 24 Union avenue. 22nd2

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK. Inquire at 23 Fourth and 24 A, N. and 24 Union avenue. 22nd2

WANTED—TO RENT OR BUY A GOOD SECond-h

Oregonian.

ONE MORNING APRIL 25 1864.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

SILMAN & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 42 First st., bet. Front and Oak,

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE, Stocks, Bonds, Merchandise, Furniture, etc., every Tuesday at 10 o'clock. REAL ESTATE SALES every Friday at 10 o'clock.

T. J. O'CONNOR,

Auctioneer & Commission Merchant,

Sales Rooms No. 52 First st., between Morrison and Yamhill,

Monday and Thursday, Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Crockery, Boots & Shoes, etc.

Wednesday, Real Estate Sales.

Saturday, Tailoring Sale.

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

W. W. & R. GOSLER,

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN,

Special Attention Given to Draughting.

Office, Room 2, Ainsworth Block, First st.

IMPORTATIONS.

The Proprietor is published to the trade of the interior of Oregon and Washington Territory, that he has just received a large and select assortment of Staple and Fancy Goods, which he will sell at the lowest rates for cash or approved credit. Purchasers will find it to their interest to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

HODGE, DAVIS & CO.

IMPORTERS BY RAIL,

Kendy's Discovery.

Pierce's Prescription.

Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Ayer's Ague Cure.

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Warner's Safe Cure.

Warner's Tippecanoe.

Dupont's Expectorant.

Curieuse's Remedies.

Curieuse Salve.

Curieuse Soup.

Concoline.

Neuralant.

Boschee's German Syrup.

Dyer's Asgon Flowers.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SCHMITZ & CRAWFORD, Produce Commission Merchants, 195 Front st., Portland.

BATES & ALLEN, GENERAL COMMISSION Merchants and produce dealers, Portland, Oregon.

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AGENTS, Dealers in Produce, Front and Ash sts., Portland.

MILLER & WHEELER, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Portland, Oregon. Liberal cash advances made on consignments to our house in San Francisco.

GOLDMAN & CO., COMMISSION AGENTS, Dealers in Produce, 129 Front street, Portland.

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., Commission Merchants, and Wholesale Dealers in Produce, Front st., between Washington and Stark.

BRAHAM, HUNTEL & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Portland, Oregon. Liberal cash advances made on consignments to our house in San Francisco.

G. COHN & BRO., DEALERS IN PRODUCE and country produce a specialty.

STEVENS, CHURCH & CO., SHIPPING and Commission Merchants, Agents for Wilson, grain bags, etc., N. W. cor. Front and Ash, Portland, Or.

WHOLESALE GROCERIES.

ABRAHAM, HUNTEL & CO., Wholesale grocers, 2 and 4 Front st., Portland.

ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, corner N. Front and Davis, Portland.

CORBETT & MACLEAY, WHOLESALE Grocers and Commission Merchants, 6 and 8 Front street, Portland.

McCRAKEN & MASON, WHOLESALE Grocers and Commission Merchants, 6 and 8 Front street, Portland.

WILLIAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE Grocers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Ash street, between Front and Commercial, Portland.

MILL AND FARM MACHINERY.

FRANK BROTHERS, IMPLEMENT DEALERS, Portland, Oregon, and Salem, Oregon.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in agricultural implements, farm and spring wagons, buggies, etc., Front and Ankeny sts., Portland. Agents for planing mill machinery a specialty; prices low.

CROCKER, TODD & CO., SOLE AGENTS for the Pacific Coast for Marsh, Harvester Co.'s Reaping and Mowing Machines, Buckeye Mowers and Reapers, Schuttler Wagons, Portland.

J. BENTMAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS of Agricultural Implements, Carriages, Buggies, Harness, etc., Front st., Portland.

JOS. WORNER & CO., FLOUR AND MILL Stuffs. All kinds of farming mill machinery.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

BRADLEY & BOBERG, 99 Front st., between Washington and Stark streets, and 100 Second st., between Oak and Pine, Portland.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

O. W. CRAGIN, DEALER IN LEAF Tobacco, Manufacturer of Cigars, Front st., between Washington and Stark, Portland.

A. ROSENFELD & CO., MANUFACTURERS of Cigars, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes, etc., 129 Front st., Portland. Proprietors factory 54 Second st.

W. T. NESBIT, BROKER IN LEAF TOBACCO, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc., 129 Front street, Portland.

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.

T. H. BROWNELL & CO., HARDWARE, Iron and Steel, Nails, Agricultural Implements, Wagon Stock, Carriage Goods, Saddlery Hardware, Coach Lace, Oils, Paints, Glass, Powder, Shot, Lead, Fishing Tackle, Guns, Pistols, Sporting Goods, Cutlery, Scales, Pumps, Belting, Packing, Hose, Rubber Goods, Mill Supplies, Miners' Supplies, Tinners' Stock, Stoves, Ranges, Tinware, Enameled Ware, Japanned Ware, Woodenware, Willow Ware, Brushes, Twine, Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags, Etc., Etc., Etc., Corner Front and Oak sts., Portland.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

MOSES BROS. & CO., FANCY DRY GOODS, Notions, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, Parasols, Sunshades, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Trimmings, Millinery Goods, Etc., Etc., Etc., Corner Front and Oak sts., Portland.

SHOW CASES.

DIXON, KORNSTEIN & CO., MANUFACTURERS of Show Cases, Portland. Country orders solicited.

MACHINISTS.

TENNESMAN & WOLFE, MACHINISTS, Patent Right and Model Makers, Machinery of all descriptions made to order, and repairing to the lowest.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

L. ABRAHAM, 104 Front street, Portland, Manufacturer of Trunks and Valises, Wholesale and Retail.

NOTICE.

WE RESPECTFULLY STATE TO THE public that we have established a line of steamers between Portland and Salem, and that we are prepared to receive and forward freight and passengers to the above and intermediate points on the Willamette river. Our steamers will leave Portland for Salem every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock A. M., and Salem for Portland every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 o'clock A. M. Freight received at our warehouse, Portland, on the day previous to sailing. Freight for Salem must be marked "Steamer Reliance." Shipping and commission business transacted. Liberal cash advances made on consignments to our house in San Francisco. Apply to or address BRAHAM, HUNTEL & CO., Portland, Or.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Columbia River Salmon & Puget Sound Fish and Oysters.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Country orders solicited and promptly attended to.

E. RICHARDS,

74 Washington st., Portland.

F. H. PAGE,

Commission Merchant,

Fruit, Feed, Produce & Provisions.

STORAGE.

100 Front st., cor. of Davis, Portland.

San Juan Lime

—FOR—

LANGDON LIME

Manufactured by San Juan Asphaltum Co.

The first and heaviest burned in the Market. Every barrel guaranteed. Call on us before buying.

TAYLOR, YOUNG & Co.,

SOLE AGENTS.

N. E. corner Front and Ash sts.

Established 1851.

Hedge, Davis & Co.

Importing

Wholesale Druggists

And Dealers in Proprietary Medicines

Nos. 52 and 54 Front St.

San Francisco,

Portland, Oregon.

EGGS

FROM MILLS & HOWES RANCH, North Yamhill, Or.

All eggs guaranteed and more than 100 to the dozen.

Regular Shipments Three Times a Week.

SEALY, MASON & Co.,

107 First st.,

SOLE AGENTS.

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CITY.

The ceremony of elevating the ball of the lottery circus was performed yesterday morning. Rep Sing (Jones' interpreter) being in due and accredited attendance. The ceremony was performed in the presence of many spectators, and the usual libations of wine indulged in. The ball was then elevated to the top of the pole, and the opening and closing exhibition of the season commenced. Jones and Taylor, after the manner of Pontius Pilate, washed their hands of the matter, and left it in the hands of police. We have been informed by the performers, which is a matter of course announced, unnecessarily, that the performance will be conducted with the same degree of decorum, propriety, and gentlemanly deportment that has characterized the past performances. Those who have attended previously will be pleased to learn that the same pleasing variety of entertainment will be given as heretofore. Those who have not attended before

The Daily Oregonian

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 25 1884

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

Resume of the Grain, Produce and Provision Trade for the Past Week.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—[Special.]—Since our last weekly review the Liverpool market has given slight signs of improvement. California cargoes have shipped and nearly due have advanced 6d per quarter each. At Liverpool shipping club has advanced 2s, and cool, American spring 1d. The local market has been more buoyant, and although sales of new shipping have not been very pronounced, on account of the small number of vessels now loading, values have a stronger tone and have advanced about 2@2½c per cental. The Chicago market showed a marked advance on Saturday, but reacted early in the week. The report of the state agricultural society for 1883 has been received. This society a year ago reported an estimate for the wheat crop of 1883 at 37,000,000 bushels. This is considered by many as being far below the probable truth, and some estimates that double the amount have found currency on change, and also in other quarters. The society, however, after collecting all its returns, gives the total crop of 1883 at 25,600,000 bushels. It is different at the present time to give a reliable estimate of the crop of 1884, but officers of the Pacific Coast Railroad Company have collected reports from all the principal farming districts, and from these reports it is estimated that the crop will be 48,000,000 bushels, or about one-fourth of the total wheat crop of the entire country. Of course there is a wide margin to be allowed for accidents of various kinds. During the past week thirty-two grain vessels have cleared. Data went to Great Britain with 203,756 centals valued at $326,762, against 258,470 centals valued at $413,552 the previous week. On call sales of No. 1 white, at morning session, have been larger than for a long time past there is a little more inquiry for tonnage, but chartering is tight. The amount under engagement to load wheat at this port is 17,400, against 26,000 at a corresponding period of 1883, showing a decrease of 8615 tons. The asking price for wooden vessels to Cork is 32s.

Flour—The supply of interior brands is large and the market is inclined to be in buyer's favor. Trade is fairly active. Exports for the past week were 60,581 barrels, valued at $266,512. One full cargo was sent to the Great Britain.

Barley—The market for No. 1 feed has a soft tone. There are quite a number of buyers in the market, but holders do not make sales at ruling rates. The spot market has declined 2½c during the week, but receipts have been light, which has led to a better steam than if the receipts had been the case. Brewing is less in sailer's favor, and trading is not brisk. On call there was a fair attendance of buyers, but it fell, although sales are not so heavy as earlier in the season.

In oats the trade has been quiet and sales were slow. Common descriptions are hard to place at any figure. Extra choice lots for milling purposes bring an outside figure.

There have been shipments of 22,000 pounds pressed hops by sea to Australia; otherwise the outward movement is slow.

Receipts of potatoes are now free and buyers are more plentiful. Dealers are more disposed to make concessions.

Liberal receipts of onions have come to hand during the week from Oregon and prices are lower, ranging from $1 75 to $3 50 per central on wharf, according to quality.

Domestic Fruits—Strawberries have not as yet made any great display. With freer supplies prices will go lower, which at present range from 75 cents to $1 per drawer. Choice table apples are scarce. Oranges are in fair supply. Mexican limes have advanced.

Vegetables—There have been free arrivals of asparagus, but the demand has fallen off and values are quotable lower. Rhubarb is in good supply and demand. Squash is lower. Green peas are in good supply at a range of 3@5c for common and 6@7 for sweet.

Butter—The depots are overstocked and buyers have liberal stocks to select from. The market is weak.

Eggs—The market is easier under liberal consignments from the east.

Poultry—Early weather and the bad condition of roads in the interior has prevented large receipts during the past week. On Tuesday arrivals were free and prices of all kinds took a tumble.

Dried Fruits—Sun-dried apples have advanced. Apricots and peeled peaches are higher. Stocks are well reduced and the market has a steadier tone. Prunes remain. Beef products are in light supply and prices are firm. Mutton is in fair supply and prices are weak. Eastern hams sell at a low figure. Hogs are firm.

ENGLAND.

ENGLAND CALLS A CONFERENCE.

LONDON, April 24.—The English government has sent invitations for a proposed conference regarding Egyptian affairs to all the powers which signed the treaty of Berlin. It summarizes that Egypt is now in need of a fresh loan of £8,000,000 in order to meet the ever-increasing requirements, and points out the difficulty of devising a guarantee for such loan, inasmuch as all the revenues of Egypt are already pledged. It proposes the creation of the difficulty, but considers that the reduction of the Egyptian army would effect a large saving.

THE ARREST OF FITZGERALD.

LONDON, April 25.—The arrest of D. N. Fitzgerald, the alleged bigamist, in London was made the subject of discussion in the commons last night. Wilfrid O'Brien called attention to this "disgraceful" affair, and demanded private explanations. Harcourt, home secretary, repudiated the charges of dishonorably brought against Fitzgerald.

CLIFFORD LLOYD IN TROUBLE.

LONDON, April 24.—[Special.]—Clifford Lloyd, present British ruler over any of the inferior races of Egypt, is not to be spared. It looks as if he had only dry that Lloyd had been summoned by Gladstone to report at once in London, and will be expected to give good reasons for the reign before being allowed to go back to Cairo.

THE ARMY IN EGYPT.

LONDON, April 24.—[By cable of the Arnold bros. the *Pall Mall Gazette* makes a severe sarcastic criticism upon the Egyptian war. Turkey and leading literary men of the country could unite on an article as terrible and as full of bad taste for the genuine production of Matthew Arnold.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, April 24.—Breadstuffs have a declining tendency, with an active demand. Flour is unchanged. Wheat, spot, 5s 6@6s 2d, spring, 5s 5½@5s 8d; California, 7s 6@6s 8d, club, 7s 10@8s 0d. Corn, new 5s 2d, 5s 3@5s 4d.

THE WAR IN THE SOUDAN.

ENGLAND'S POLICY WITH REGARD TO RELIEF

LONDON, April 24.—The final decision of the government regarding the expedition for the relief of Bab's has been postponed until the arrival of Sir Herbert Stewart and Sir Charles Wolseley. After the latter's conference with Baron General Wood advised that the government expedition should consist of 5000 Egyptians and 500 British troops. General Wolseley, at the cabinet meeting yesterday, insisted that no advance should be made until after the rising of the Nile. General Wood recommended General Grenfell for command of the expedition.

THE WEST INDIES.

THE SITUATION IN CUBA.

HAVANA, April 24.—The troops are still unable to catch Antelo. The antibuilite continues to maintain dead silence, thereby exasperating the public into the belief that the worst is happening. Many believe that Antelo is killed. Gold premiums rose as high as one during the first insurrection. The Aguero party has divided into three sections, thereby disconcerting the troops. Aguero is supposed to be organizing in the Cayman swamps. It is rumored he was again offered a sum to leave the island.

GERMANY.

NOTES FROM BERLIN.

BERLIN, April 24.—The emperor has been forbidden by his physicians to go to Wiesbaden. His life is the more guarded matter. He performs all his routine duties, and daily sees Bismarck and the crown prince.

The crown prince accepts the honorary presidency of the Prussian state council. Lasnack, vice Hofmeier, became secretary. The crown princes, field marshals and generals are standing members.

IRELAND.

VERDICT OF GUILTY.

DUBLIN, April 24.—The jury returned a verdict that Elliott, Wade, Byrnne and Fox strike were criminally and highly guilty of the murder of Sir Seythe. The judge concurred, and sentenced each to ten years' penal servitude. Words and Elliott professed innocence.

ITALY.

CARDINALS TO BE CREATED.

ROME, April 24.—The pope holds a consistory about the end of June, when he will create several cardinals. Eleven vacancies await disposition.

Wedding.

DUBLIN, April 24.—Miss Mabel Graves, daughter of D. C. Graves president of the Commercial National bank, was married this evening to Mr. F. W. Hinde, son of the Pacific Coast Railroad Company. They departed for California.

FOR IMPROVEMENT OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

WASHINGTON April 24.—Members of the Mississippi river commission today appeared before the house committee on levees and improvements of the Mississippi river, and President Comstock of the Commission explained the plan of improvements adopted and said it would, in a commercial sense, pay the government to expend $75,000,000 to $100,000,000 to get a depth of over ten feet from St. Louis to New Orleans.

COLLINS'S BILL RELEGATED.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The senate committee on railroads unanimously agreed to report, with a few minor amendments, the bill prepared by Senator Collom to establish a commission to regulate interstate commerce, and for other purposes. The bill has been printed.

Will Senator Bayard Specify?

The New York Herald, 1st

In his letter to the Iroquois club Senator Bayard made this sweeping assertion:

"The evils of maladministration are everywhere spread; they are confessed in many and proven to exist in nearly every department of the executive branch."

The executive branch of the national government comprises, besides the president's office, the following departments: State, treasury, war, navy, postoffice, interior and justice. Senator Bayard declares that evils of maladministration are confessed in many and proven to exist in nearly every one of these departments. Where are the confessions to be found? By which Democrats are they made? And where is the proof which he alleges exist? Honest in the proof which he alleges exist? Honest in every department? Will Senator Bayard give specifications of his wholesale charges to the public specifications of his wholesale charges?

There will be a widespread curiosity to learn of these, because there is a general impression that the various executive departments of the government are now pretty honestly and efficiently administered. The only matter that Senator Bayard and stakes to specify is the star route frauds. But these have been exposed and thoroughly reformed by the party under whose administration they were practiced.

We were not surprised to find in Mr. Tilden's letter to the Iroquois Club the assumption that everything in the Democratic camp at Washington is bad shine to all the cheerful gentlemen's and everybody's name, for this is the old gentleman's pet hobby and his chief political stock in trade. The public is sad also because some of their favorites have been dropped from office to make room for others, but Senator Bayard has been looked upon as a thoughtful, conservative democratic statesman, not given to exaggeration or to vertical claptrap. Hence we were not prepared to find him indulging in the extravagance of expression we encounter with less moderate and conscientious public men.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

THURSDAY, April 24.

The week's rainfall has been important, and cold in its temperature. The last four days will have a backward influence upon all crops. The relative length of the valley has been visited by rain, as also several parts of the eastern section. Grain in Glenn county is believed to be less than for last year. In the valley it will be fully up to previous seasons. If the spring sowing is as large. The yield should be larger. Of fruit crops very little can now be said, as it will require some time yet to ascertain in just what condition orchards are. California, on the whole promises fully as well as of late. The rainfall at San Francisco for the present season is 19.20 against 21.86 inches. Throughout the United States crops are in good condition, yet it is doubted if the acreage is as large as last year. Ed Perkins predicts the finest crop of winter wheat ever raised in the United States. He says that throughout the winter wheat belt fields are looking unusually well, and nothing is to be feared from insects. On being asked what would be the effect of this great crop, he replied that "American wheat would be sold down in Liverpool for $1 per bushel, and that would break up wheat raising in Europe. They can't raise wheat at $1 per bushel on their worn out farms. It will be seemingly hard on the American farmer, this cheap wheat, but it will be a blessing in the end. It will open new and unknown channels for American wheat, and after this year our country will raise wheat for the world. I predict a yield of 600,000,000 bushels of wheat in this country this year." In most minds Mr. Perkins is looked upon as the champion liar of America, but to an observer, and when he makes a statement for the platform that is based on personal observation, it is another matter.

The week has shown important changes in the quotations of foreign stocks on the New York boards. Taking the opening quotations sent all leave from the last Thursday. The declines submitted are as follows in all stocks: N. P. common 2%, preferred 1½; Texas 3, O. I. stock ½, bonds 2; O. R. & N. stock 4½; Western Union 2¾; Pacific mail 3; N. W. 1¾; Lake Shore ½; Erie 2¾. O. R. & N. touched 71 and improvement 21. The exception to the rule of the week shows that the tumble is not altogether due to a loss in earning powers, but rather to a speculative pressure.

For the week two steamers have arrived from San Francisco with the usual assortment of merchandise. The Norseman is in from Liverpool with cargo consisting principally of 200 tons salt, 8,000 bes tin. She also has a large quantity of chemicals and 50,000 second-hand grain sacks. The Walla Walla landed 300 tons Seattle coal, and the Gypsy came in to lay with 600 tons from the same port. Overland receipts have been steadily large, but the wheat dispatch is diminished of. A few lots have come to hand in short order, but there is much that has evidently been sidetracked. Latest receipts by rail include 5,500 bbls flour, 2,152 ctls oats, 10,000 lbs hay, 20,0-4 lbs in bulk, 1,034 sks potatoes, 100 bbls hay, 20,0-4 lbs wool, 92,535 lbs hides, 36 pkgs butter, 49½ ctls eggs, 70 bbls fruit, 600 bbls flour, 2000 sks flaxseed, 4870 lbs hops.

Receipts by leading lines of transportation since August 1 last, as compared with a like time last season, have been:

	1883-4		1882-3	
	Valley	Eastern	Valley	Eastern
Wheat, ctls	7,636,358	1,910,402	1,416,512	1,000,000
Flour, bbls	268,000	150,000	227,171	147,000
Oats, ctls	81,625		1,400	512
Barley, ctls	3,400	100	4,200	1,000
Bran, ctls	37,000	2,000	45,000	2,000
Middlings, ctls	20,000	3,000	30,000	2,000
Potatoes, sks	30,727	1,000	8,000	500
Hay, lbs	11,000		20,000	
Wool, lbs	1,140,510	900,000	600,000	1,000,000
Hides, lbs	1,000,222	600,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Fruit, lbs	27,557	1,000	40,000	1,000
Lime, bbls	29,000		30,000	
Flaxseed, sks		19,000		20,000
Hops, lbs	1,707,425	30,000	1,500,000	

SHIPPING—For steam vessels during the week ending: Total tonnage, 7,564 tons; value of the same, $24,000; 37 sacks, 87,865 lbs flour, 12,000 lbs bran, 15,000 lbs middlings, 85 sacks barley, 12,000 lbs potatoes, 1,000 lbs onions, 2,000 lbs wool, 110 hides, 150,000 lbs wheat, 1,000 lbs hay, 2 bbls pickles, 150 sks beans, 50 pkgs eggs, 4,000 lbs meat, 20 bbls pork, 20 bbls meal, 10 cs paints, 2 cs oil, 2 cs tobacco, 1 cs cigars, 125 cs soda and salt, 2 cs 1 bbl paint, 1 bbl 2 cs otto of rose, 1 cs chocolate, 34 cks wool, 37 cs and tongue, 1 pkg spices, 5 cs cassaval, 1 cs extract, 100 cs canned, 2 cs fish, 1 cs 1 bbl 1 pkg 1 bbl 1 cs 1 pkg 1 cs 1 pkg 1 cs 1 pkg